The Earth we live on rotates once every 24 hours. Long ago, each country or region had their own time system. As people began to interact more and more with people in different parts of the world, it became necessary to develop a unified system.

To that end, a meeting called the International Meridian Conference was held in 1884 in Washington, D.C. As a result of that meeting, the meridian running through the Royal Observatory Greenwich in London, England was designated as the Prime Meridian, assigned a longitude of 0°. A system of standard time was also established. The world was divided into 24 sections, with each region assigned a standard time one hour later than the previous region, in the direction of the Earth's rotation.

By rotating this world time zone chart, you can see what time it is in different cities and countries around the world.
Iran is 30 minutes behind
India is 30 minutes behind
Myanmar is 30 minutes behind
Nepal is 15 minutes behind
Afghanistan is 30 minutes behind
Central Australia is 30 minutes ahead
Newfoundland in Canada is 30 minutes behind
Libya
Sudan
Saudi Arabia
Angola
Zambia
Botswana
Zimbabwe
Malawi
Tanzania
Burundi
Rwanda
Eritrea
Djibouti
Yemen
Armenia
Georgia
Azerbaijan
Turkmenistan
Afghanistan
Pakistan
Nepal
Bhutan
Uzbekistan
Kyrgyz
Tajikistan
Oman
Israel
Lebanon
Cyprus
Syria
Jordan
Iraq
Iran
India
Indonesia
Philippines
Greece
Albania
Macedonia
Yugoslavia
Austria
Slovakia
Bulgaria
Romania
Italy
France
Spain
Portugal
Ireland
Iceland
United Kingdom
Belgium
Netherlands
Germany
Poland
Lithuania
Latvia
Estonia
Belarus
Denmark
Czech Republic
Switzerland
Hungary
Ukraine
Moldova
Qatar
Kuwait
United Arab Emirates
Uganda
Kenya
Somalia
Ethiopia
Mozambique
Madagascar
Swaziland
South Africa
Lesotho
Namibia
Tunisia
Morocco
Algeria
Niger
Chad
Egypt
Turkey
Norway
Sweden
Finland
Russia
Kazakhstan
Western Sahara
Mauritania
Cape Verde
London
Stockholm
Paris
Alger
Helsinki
Cairo
Cape Town
Moscow
Baghdad
Nairobi
Mauritius
Seychelles
Karachi
Dacca
Bangkok
Jakarta
Irkutsk
Beijing
Perth
Yakutsk
Seoul
Tokyo
Vladivostok
Sydney
Canberra
Vanuatu
Auckland
Samoa
Honolulu
Anchorage
Vancouver
San Francisco
Los Angeles
Calgary
Salt Lake City
Winnipeg
Houston
Mexico City
Montreal
New York City
Lima
Caracas
Manaus
Santiago
Brasilia
Rio de Janeiro
Buenos Aires
Mali
Senegal
Gambia
Guinea-Bissau
Burkina Faso
Cameroon
Equatorial Guinea
Gabon
Congo
Democratic Republic of the Congo
Central African Republic
Nigeria
Sierra Leone
Guinea
Liberia
Cote d'Ivoire
Ghana
Benin
Togo
Seychelles
Maldives
Palau
Macau
Hong Kong
North Korea
South Korea
Japan
Mongolia
Papua New Guinea
Hawaii
Canada
United States of America
Mexico
Brazil
Bolivia
Ecuador
Peru
Chile
Argentina
China
Australia
New Zealand
Micronesia
Marshall Islands
Kiribati
Nauru
Tuvalu
Fiji
Solomon Islands
Vanuatu
Tonga
Samoa
Kiribati
Taiwan
Northern Mariana Islands (U.S.)
Belize
Honduras
Jamaica
The Bahamas
Guyana
Uruguay
Paraguay
Suriname
Nicaragua
Guatemala
El Salvador
Costa Rica
Panama
Colombia
Venezuela
Cuba
Haiti
Dominican Republic
Sri Lanka
Bangladesh
Myanmar
Malaysia
Brunei
Cambodia
Thailand
Laos
Vietnam
Comoros
Mauritius
Palau
Northern Mariana Islands (U.S.)
Time zone boundary
National border
International Date Line
Equator

Natural Science World Time Zone Chart

BASE

Your country (or city)
Country (or city) you want to check

Time scale:
1) Rotate the map cylinder to align your location with the time at your location.
2) Look at the time scale to read the time at the location you want to check.

Note: some locations have "summer time" or "daylight savings time" in the summer.

International Date Line:
When crossing the International Date Line from east longitude to west longitude, the date goes back one day. When crossing from west to east, the date advances one day.